

GUIDELINES

Walrus haul out on the beach and visits must be conducted in accordance with the guidelines for walrus.

Approach the beach calmly when landing.

Retreat if the Arctic skuas and Arctic terns attack, while carefully watching where you step to avoid trampling on eggs and chicks.

If you walk towards the cliffs south of Dolerittneset, use the path marked on the map to avoid the wet areas and the risk of sinking in.

Walk along the beach to observe the walrus slaughtering place. Watch from a perimeter and do not tramp on the remains.

Watch the remains from the Russian overwintering trapping from a perimeter and do not tramp on them.

You are welcome to visit the cabins if they're not occupied, but please close the doors behind you when you leave.

TIP

This tip applies after July 20th to avoid disturbance of breeding birds. A one kilometer walk to the south will bring you to a dolerite-cliff with a scenic view. Beware of glaucous gulls that may attack during the breeding season. The surrounding area offers a number of possibilities for excursions, such as into Rosenbergdalen and to Leefjellet.



Photo: Georg Bangjord

Hundreds of nose-chopped walrus skulls make up the historical slaughter site and tell stories of the massacres that once took place here.



Photo: Georg Bangjord

The green slopes and valleys at Edgeøya are very productive, with high species diversity.

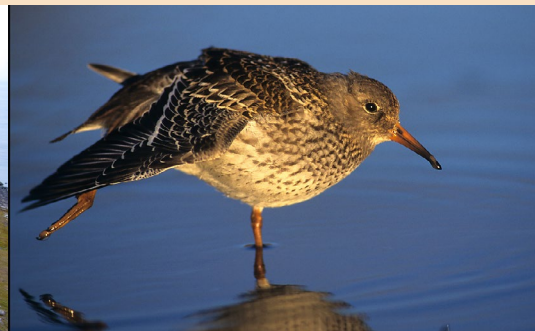


Photo: Georg Bangjord

The very robust purple sandpiper is the most numerous wading bird in Svalbard.